# **Closure Stage Quality Assurance Report**

Form Status: Approved	
Overall Rating:	Highly Satisfactory
Decision:	
Portfolio/Project Number:	00084563
Portfolio/Project Title:	SUNRED - Sustainable Managment of Natural Resources
Portfolio/Project Date:	2015-01-01 / 2019-06-30

# Strategic

## **Quality Rating: Satisfactory**

1. Did the project pro-actively identified changes to the external environment and incorporated them into the project strategy?

- 3: The project team identified relevant changes in the external environment that may present new opportunities or threats to the project's ability to achieve its objectives, assumptions were tested to determine if the project's strategy was valid. There is some evidence that the project board considered the implications, and documented the changes needed to the project in response. (all must be true)
- It is a set of the project team identified relevant changes in the external environment that may present new opportunities or threats to the project's ability to achieve its objectives. There is some evidence that the project board discussed this, but relevant changes did not fully integrate in the project. (both must be true)
- 1: The project team considered relevant changes in the external environment since implementation began, but there is no evidence that the project team considered these changes to the project as a result.

## **Evidence:**

Most of this changes happened on the first years of project implementation, but its effect spreaded up un til 2018. See detailed changes in the document uplo aded.

Li	st of Uploaded Documents		
#	File Name	Modified By	Modified On
1	ChangesinContext_SUNRED1_1576_301 (ht tps://intranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/QAFo rmDocuments/ChangesinContext_SUNRED1 _1576_301.docx)	eduardo.fujikawa@undp.org	10/8/2019 1:15:00 PM

## 2. Was the project aligned with the thematic focus of the Strategic Plan?

- ③ 3: The project responded to at least one of the development settings as specified in the Strategic Plan (SP) and adopted at least one Signature Solution .The project's RRF included all the relevant SP output indicators. (all must be true)
- 2: The project responded to at least one of the developments settings1 as specified in the Strategic Plan. The project's RRF included at least one SP output indicator, if relevant. (both must be true)
- 1: While the project may have responded to a partner's identified need, this need falls outside of the UNDP Strategic Plan. Also select this option if none of the relevant SP indicators are included in the RRF.

See the completion report with evidences of SP alig nment.

# List of Uploaded Documents

#	File Name	Modified By	Modified On
1	Mozambique_completion_report_070918_15 76_302 (https://intranet.undp.org/apps/Projec tQA/QAFormDocuments/Mozambique_compl etion_report_070918_1576_302.docx)	eduardo.fujikawa@undp.org	10/8/2019 1:16:00 PM

Relevant

# **Quality Rating: Highly Satisfactory**

3. Were the project's targeted groups systematically identified and engaged, with a priority focus on the discriminated and marginalized, to ensure the project remained relevant for them?

3: Systematic and structured feedback was collected over the project duration from a representative sample of beneficiaries, with a priority focus on the discriminated and marginalized, as part of the project's monitoring system. Representatives from the targeted groups were active members of the project's governance mechanism (i.e., the project board or equivalent) and there is credible evidence that their feedback informs project decision making. (all must be true)

In the project discriminated of the project discrimination and monitoring, with a priority focus on the discriminated and marginalized. Beneficiary feedback, which may be anecdotal, was collected regularly to ensure the project addressed local priorities. This information was used to inform project decision making. (all must be true to select this option)

1: Some beneficiary feedback may have been collected, but this information did not inform project decision making. This option should also be selected if no beneficiary feedback was collected

O Not Applicable

One of the five priority areas of the national develop ment plan the PQG 2015-2019 focuses on the sustai nable and transparent use of environment and natur al resources and includes an explicit focus on reduci ng local communities' vulnerabilities to climate chan ge and environmental degradation and transitioning to a green-blue economy. The priority area is suppor ted by specific indicators to capture beneficiaries im pact. The PQG also applies an integrated approach to environmental, social and economic development supported by the integration of environment, social a nd economic linked indicators in the update Cross-C utting Issues matrix and the PQG operationalization matrix which is a mandatory planning and budget to ol to be applied by sectors when developing annual plans and budgets.

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4. Did the project generate knowledge, and lessons learned (i.e., what has worked and what has not) and has this knowledge informed management decisions to ensure the continued relevance of the project towards its stated objectives, the quality of its outputs and the management of risk?

- S: Knowledge and lessons learned from internal or external sources (gained, for example, from Peer Assists, After Action Reviews or Lessons Learned Workshops) backed by credible evidence from evaluation, corporate policies/strategies, analysis and monitoring were discussed in project board meetings and reflected in the minutes. There is clear evidence that changes were made to the project to ensure its continued relevance. (both must be true)
- 2: Knowledge and lessons learned backed by relatively limited evidence, drawn mainly from within the project, were considered by the project team. There is some evidence that changes were made to the project as a result to ensure its continued relevance. (both must be true)
- 1: There is limited or no evidence that knowledge and lessons learned were collected by the project team.
  There is little or no evidence that this informed project decision making.

Specifically for Mozambique the lessons learned ar e: the ownership of the project by the IPs is a result not only of their involvement in the project design, b ut also of the support to ongoing processes (avoidin g launching parallel processes). This was the case o f SUNRED that showed a strong ownership by the I Ps, through the supporting of ongoing processes like the budgeting of the environmental and climate chan ge issues, and the elaboration of LAP's and others; Projects like SUNRED that support different process es must from the beginning have a communication s trategy to be implemented during the project. It coul d have avoided that at three months to the end, the project is yet not produces any best practices or co mmunication documents to disseminate processes a nd results and recommendation of the studies produ ced. Is important that the project partnership and ex perience in coordination and maximize the manage ment efforts are shared with stakeholders in place to influence future practices, programs and strategies. In terms of project management and funds distributi on, it is very important that the project makes it clear in the beginning that the funds for the CTA/ITC techn ical assistance are part of activities and must not be considered in PMU spending as it appear in the proj ect CDR. It may have contributed to increase the per centage of the management expenditures by more t han 10% of the project expense per year.

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5. Was the project sufficiently at scale, or is there potential to scale up in the future, to meaningfully contribute to development change?

- ③ 3: There was credible evidence that the project reached sufficient number of beneficiaries (either directly through significant coverage of target groups, or indirectly, through policy change) to meaningfully contribute to development change.
- 2: While the project was not considered at scale, there are explicit plans in place to scale up the project in the future (e.g. by extending its coverage or using project results to advocate for policy change).
- 1: The project was not at scale, and there are no plans to scale up the project in the future.

Principled

/es, the project was scaled up and a ph RED 2 2019-2020) was designed and u	nder implem	
entation, building up under the SUNREI	J 1.	
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6. Were the project's measures (through outputs, activities, indicators) to address gender inequalities and empower women relevant and produced the intended effect? If not, evidence-based adjustments and changes were made.

**Quality Rating: Satisfactory** 

- 3: The project team gathered data and evidence through project monitoring on the relevance of the measures to address gender inequalities and empower women. Analysis of data and evidence were used to inform adjustments and changes, as appropriate. (both must be true)
- 2: The project team had some data and evidence on the relevance of the measures to address gender inequalities and empower women. There is evidence that at least some adjustments were made, as appropriate. (both must be true)
- 1: The project team had limited or no evidence on the relevance of measures to address gender inequalities and empowering women. No evidence of adjustments and/or changes made. This option should also be selected if the project has no measures to address gender inequalities and empower women relevant to the project results and activities.

Gender issues in SUNRED were considered in the tr aining and planning tools developed or used during t he project – e.g. the Guideline for PLA elaboration is gender sensitive and a training material for the integ ration of gender – environment issues in national pla nning and budgeting process were elaborated. Behi nd other the project performed trainings on integratin g cross-cutting issues in the social economic plan at district levels, in four districts and covered 186 men and 28 women. The workshop for awareness rising of NAP process covered 10 women and 6 men. In a ddition to these actions the project had also a partne rship with UN-Woman on "closing gender gaps in ag riculture productivity through climate smart approach in Africa".

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7. Were social and environmental impacts and risks successfully managed and monitored?

- 3: Social and environmental risks were tracked in the risk log. Appropriate assessments conducted where required (i.e., Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (ESIA) for Substantial and High risk projects and some level of social and environmental assessment for Moderate risk projects as identified through SESP). Relevant management plan(s) developed for identified risks through consultative process and implemented, resourced, and monitored. Risks effectively managed or mitigated. If there is a substantive change to the project or change in context that affects risk levels, the SESP was updated to reflect these changes. (all must be true)
- Social and environmental risks were tracked in the risk log. Appropriate assessments conducted where required (i.e., Environmental and Social Impact Assessment (ESIA) for Substantial and High risk projects and some level of social and environmental assessment for Moderate risk projects as identified through SESP). Relevant management plan(s) developed, implemented and monitored for identified risks. OR project was categorized as Low risk through the SESP.
- 1: Social and environmental risks were tracked in the risk log. For projects categorized as High, Substantial, or Moderate Risk, there was no evidence that social and environmental assessments completed and/or management plans or measures development, implemented or monitored. There are substantive changes to the project or changes in the context but SESP was not updated. (any may be true)

The support SUNRED gave for the strengthening of the meteorological station network contributed to the process of improving the INAM capacity to respond t o the demands of climate information for disaster ris k management and climate change adaptation.(GH D Outcome 2: Improved use of science for decisionmaking based on improved environmental informatio n systems);

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8. Were grievance mechanisms available to project-affected people and were grievances (if any) addressed to ensure any perceived harm was effectively mitigated?

- 3: Project-affected people actively informed of UNDP's Corporate Accountability Mechanism (SRM/SECU) and how to access it. If the project was categorized as High, Substantial, or Moderate Risk through the SESP, a project-level grievance mechanism was in place and project affected people informed. If grievances were received, they were effectively addressed in accordance with SRM Guidance. (all must be true)
- ② 2: Project-affected people informed of UNDP's Corporate Accountability Mechanism and how to access it. If the project was categorized as Substantial or High Risk through the SESP, a project -level grievance mechanism was in place and project affected people informed. If grievances were received, they were responded to but faced challenges in arriving at a resolution.
- Project-affected people was not informed of UNDP's Corporate Accountability Mechanism. If grievances were received, they were not responded to. (any may be true)

## **Evidence:**

The project used to have regular board meetings wh ere IP's were informed about UNDP's Corporate Acc ountability Mechanisms. Risks management was als o addressed during meetings and communications a mong partners and stakeholders.

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na	gement & Monitoring	Quality Rating: Sat	isfactory
. W	as the project's M&E Plan adequately ir	nplemented?	
	3: The project had a comprehensive an populated. Progress data against indica sources and collected according to the relevant. Any evaluations conducted, if gender UNEG standards. Lessons lear used to take corrective actions when ne 2: The project costed M&E Plan, and m indicators in the project's RRF was coll following the frequency stated in the Pl conducted, if relevant, met most decen- used to take corrective actions. (all mu 1: The project had M&E Plan, but costs Progress data was not regularly collect decentralized evaluation standards. Le the project did not have an M&E plan.	ators in the project's RRF was report frequency stated in the Plan, include relevant, fully meet decentralized en ned, included during evaluations an eccessary. (all must be true) nost baselines and targets were popt ected on a regular basis, although t an and data sources was not alway tralized evaluation standards. Less st be true) s were not clearly planned and budg ed against the indicators in the proj	rted regularly using credible data ling sex disaggregated data as evaluation standards, including ad/or After-Action Reviews, were pulated. Progress data against there was may be some slippage in is reliable. Any evaluations ons learned were captured but were geted for, or were unrealistic. ect's RRF. Evaluations did not meet
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- 3: The project's governance mechanism operated well, and was a model for other projects. It met in the agreed frequency stated in the project document and the minutes of the meetings were all on file. There was regular (at least annual) progress reporting to the project board or equivalent on results, risks and opportunities. It is clear that the project board explicitly reviewed and used evidence, including progress data, knowledge, lessons and evaluations, as the basis for informing management decisions (e.g., change in strategy, approach, work plan.) (all must be true to select this option)
- 2: The project's governance mechanism met in the agreed frequency and minutes of the meeting are on file. A project progress report was submitted to the project board or equivalent at least once per year, covering results, risks and opportunities. (both must be true to select this option)
- 1: The project's governance mechanism did not meet in the frequency stated in the project document over the past year and/or the project board or equivalent was not functioning as a decision-making body for the project as intended.

See attachment.

# List of Uploaded Documents

#	File Name	Modified By	Modified On
1	SUNREDLPACMinutes_1576_310 (https://int ranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/QAFormDocu ments/SUNREDLPACMinutes_1576_310.pd f)	eduardo.fujikawa@undp.org	10/15/2019 9:34:00 AM

11. Were risks to the project adequately monitored and managed?

- 3: The project monitored risks every quarter and consulted with the key stakeholders, security advisors, to identify continuing and emerging risks to assess if the main assumptions remained valid. There is clear evidence that relevant management plans and mitigating measures were fully implemented to address each key project risk and were updated to reflect the latest risk assessment. (all must be true)
- 2: The project monitored risks every year, as evidenced by an updated risk log. Some updates were made to management plans and mitigation measures.
- 1: The risk log was not updated as required. There was may be some evidence that the project monitored risks that may affected the project's achievement of results, but there is no explicit evidence that management actions were taken to mitigate risks.

One of the main challenges faced during the implem entation of the budget and planning component is rel ated with transfer of funds from the Global PEI to the national level. To overcome this and avoid having a negative impact on implementation of activities for th e PEI component the project has temporarily used U NDP funds, but this is considered a financial bad pra ctice and a great interference on the normal implem entation of the project.

Key Recommendations Substantive:

• Continue to build capacities for climate and env ironment budget coding across sectors and province s to ensure proper application and tracking of expen ditures

• Have a less ambitious workplan in the year of a n election allowing for slower implementation 3 mont hs before an election and 6 months after an election

• Ensure timely approval by government and pub lication of the documents produced by the project is i mportant to leverage project activity and implement t heir recommendations in both Mozambique and in ot her PEA countries.

 Continue capacity building for domesticating en vironmentally relevant SDGs and monitoring of SDG indicators related to the environmental dimension

#### Administrative:

 Share staff costs with bigger UNDP umbrella pr ograms as it is both cost effective and helps to ensur e programmatic synergies with similar projects and i nitiatives working towards the same project outcom e.

• A way for project managers to progress in their careers from service contract holders while still work ing on the project should be explored under the new PEA programme

• Provide project staff including those on service contracts with ATLAS rights.

• It is important to avoid delays on funds disburs ement in order to improve deliverables and program quality.

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ficio		Quality Rating: Highly Sat	infectory
	Adequate resources were mobilized to achieve int st expected results in the project's results framew Yes		nt decisions were taken to
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13. Were project inputs procured and delivered on time to efficiently contribute to results?

③ 3: The project had a procurement plan and kept it updated. The project quarterly reviewed operational bottlenecks to procuring inputs in a timely manner and addressed them through appropriate management actions. (all must be true)

 2: The project had updated procurement plan. The project annually reviewed operational bottlenecks to procuring inputs in a timely manner and addressed them through appropriate management actions. (all must be true)

1: The project did not have an updated procurement plan. The project team may or may not have reviewed operational bottlenecks to procuring inputs regularly, however management actions were not taken to address them.

In 2013, because it was a phase out year, and transi tion to the phase 2, the project did not make much in vestment that required huge procurement process. Most of the activities were more on organizing meeti ngs and workshops for document validation. Althoug h, in November the project procured office materials that were delivered on time.

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14. Was there regular monitoring and recording of cost efficiencies, taking into account the expected quality of results?

- 3: There is evidence that the project regularly reviewed costs against relevant comparators (e.g., other projects or country offices) or industry benchmarks to ensure the project maximized results delivered with given resources. The project actively coordinated with other relevant ongoing projects and initiatives (UNDP or other) to ensure complementarity and sought efficiencies wherever possible (e.g. joint activities.) (both must be true)
- 2: The project monitored its own costs and gave anecdotal examples of cost efficiencies (e.g., spending less to get the same result,) but there was no systematic analysis of costs and no link to the expected quality of results delivered. The project coordinated activities with other projects to achieve cost efficiency gains.
- 1: There is little or no evidence that the project monitored its own costs and considered ways to save money beyond following standard procurement rules.

#### **Evidence:**

in 2018, the final delivery was around 92% for PEI c omponent and 80% for GHD. This effort was achiev ed because of Steering committee regular recomme ndations for a cost-efficient approach.

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Effect	ive	Quality Rating: Highly	Satisfactory
15. V	Vas the project on track and delivered its expected	d outputs?	
_	Yes No		
Evi	dence:		
tpu un nc	es, the project was on Track to deliver expected or uts. Although a non cost extension was made for the to December 2018, only to close some consulta- ties reports that were already ongoing. Total deliver rate was 93%.	J	
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16. Were there regular reviews of the work plan to ensure that the project was on track to achieve the desired results, and to inform course corrections if needed?

- S: Quarterly progress data informed regular reviews of the project work plan to ensure that the activities implemented were most likely to achieve the desired results. There is evidence that data and lessons learned (including from evaluations /or After-Action Reviews) were used to inform course corrections, as needed. Any necessary budget revisions were made. (both must be true)
- 2: There was at least one review of the work plan per year with a view to assessing if project activities were on track to achieving the desired development results (i.e., outputs.) There may or may not be evidence that data or lessons learned were used to inform the review(s). Any necessary budget revisions have been made.
- 1: While the project team may have reviewed the work plan at least once over the past year to ensure outputs were delivered on time, no link was made to the delivery of desired development results. Select this option also if no review of the work plan by management took place.

# **Evidence:**

A non cost extension and AWP was made and appr oved by the board for 2018.

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#	File Name	Modified By	Modified On
1	AWP_MITADER2018_1576_316 (https://intra net.undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/QAFormDocum ents/AWP_MITADER2018_1576_316.pdf)	eduardo.fujikawa@undp.org	10/8/2019 1:17:00 PM
2	AWP_SUNRED_2018MEF_1576_316 (http s://intranet.undp.org/apps/ProjectQA/QAFor mDocuments/AWP_SUNRED_2018MEF_15 76_316.pdf)	eduardo.fujikawa@undp.org	10/8/2019 1:18:00 PM

17. Were the targeted groups systematically identified and engaged, prioritizing the marginalized and excluded, to ensure results were achieved as expected?

- 3: The project targeted specific groups and/or geographic areas, identified by using credible data sources on their capacity needs, deprivation and/or exclusion from development opportunities relevant to the project's area of work. There is clear evidence that the targeted groups were reached as intended. The project engaged regularly with targeted groups over the past year to assess whether they benefited as expected and adjustments were made if necessary, to refine targeting. (all must be true)
- 2: The project targeted specific groups and/or geographic areas, based on some evidence of their capacity needs, deprivation and/or exclusion from development opportunities relevant to the project's area of work. Some evidence is provided to confirm that project beneficiaries are members of the targeted groups. There was some engagement with beneficiaries in the past year to assess whether they were benefiting as expected. (all must be true)
- 1: The project did not report on specific targeted groups. There is no evidence to confirm that project beneficiaries are populations have capacity needs or are deprived and/or excluded from development opportunities relevant to the project area of work. There is some engagement with beneficiaries to assess whether they benefited as expected, but it was limited or did not occurred in the past year.
- O Not Applicable

# **Evidence:**

Several poverty-environment related targets from th e PQG, ranging from mining and forestry to disaster risk reduction, have been integrated into the Guide f or the Constitution and Functioning of the Municipal Technical Council (CTM).

The methodological guidelines for sectors to elabora te their annual social and economic plans (PES) hav e been revised and harmonized to give a higher prio rity to the sustainable and transparent management of the environment and natural resources and to ens ure that the guidance for developing objectives, activ ities and indicators is harmonized. Both activities we re made including the IPs.

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Sustainability & National Ownership

**Quality Rating: Highly Satisfactory** 

18. Were stakeholders and national partners fully engaged in the decision-making, implementation and monitoring of the project?

③ 3: Only national systems (i.e., procurement, monitoring, evaluation, etc.) were used to fully implement and monitor the project. All relevant stakeholders and partners were fully and actively engaged in the process, playing a lead role in project decision-making, implementation and monitoring. (both must be true)

- 2: National systems (i.e., procurement, monitoring, evaluation, etc.) were used to implement and monitor the project (such as country office support or project systems) were also used, if necessary. All relevant stakeholders and partners were actively engaged in the process, playing an active role in project decision-making, implementation and monitoring. (both must be true)
- 1: There was relatively limited or no engagement with national stakeholders and partners in the decisionmaking, implementation and/or monitoring of the project.
- O Not Applicable

## **Evidence:**

The Chair of the Steering Comette board is the Secr etary Permanent of MITADER and both IPs had to a pprove all plans designed and submitted before impl ementation. The sustainability of the project is ensu red by the ownership that the IPs has on the project activities, once the SUNRED activities not only resp ond to the IPs priorities but are aligned with their PE S. The ownership is also the result of the IPs involve ment in the process of project design. However, the sustainability may be threatened if the environment activities are not prioritized in the process of public f und allocation. The finance support of SUNRED allo wed a step-by-step follow-up of the process of main streaming P -ENR.

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19. Were there regular monitoring of changes in capacities and performance of institutions and systems relevant to the project, as needed, and were the implementation arrangements<sup>8</sup> adjusted according to changes in partner capacities?

- 3: Changes in capacities and performance of national institutions and systems were assessed/monitored using clear indicators, rigorous methods of data collection and credible data sources including relevant HACT assurance activities. Implementation arrangements were formally reviewed and adjusted, if needed, in agreement with partners according to changes in partner capacities. (all must be true)
- 2: Aspects of changes in capacities and performance of relevant national institutions and systems were monitored by the project using indicators and reasonably credible data sources including relevant HACT assurance activities. Some adjustment was made to implementation arrangements if needed to reflect changes in partner capacities. (all must be true)
- 1: Some aspects of changes in capacities and performance of relevant national institutions and systems may have been monitored by the project, however changes to implementation arrangements have not been considered. Also select this option if changes in capacities and performance of relevant national institutions and systems have not been monitored by the project.

O Not Applicable

#### **Evidence:**

1. The Environmental inter-institutional coordinati on mechanism must be institutionalized and not dep end on individuals. This will avoid that the changes i n the institutions (that characterize the government d ynamics between electoral cycles in Mozambique) h ave a negative impact in coordination activities. An e xample is the EUs that were mentioned to have bee n strongly affected by the extinction and creation of new institutions in 2015.

2. The UNDP and its implementing partners must together reflect on how they will guarantee that their internal processes (procurement and payment proce sses) do not contribute to delays on project impleme ntation.

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	Vere the transition and phase-out arracial commitment and capacity).	angements were reviewed and ac	djusted according to progress (including
	set out by the plan. The plan was imp adjustments made during implementa 2: There was a review of the project's to ensure the project remained on tra 1: The project may have had a sustai developed. Also select this option if the	se-out, to ensure the project remain plemented as planned by the end ation. (both must be true) is sustainability plan, including arr ack in meeting the requirements so inability plan but there was no rem	ained on track in meeting the requirement of of the project, taking into account any rangements for transition and phase-out, set out by the plan. view of this strategy after it was
_	dence: th closure of phase 1 and designing of	of phase 2. in	
clu	uded the partners and an active partic support of UNDP.		
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