Annex [#]. Social and Environmental Screening Template

The completed template, which constitutes the Social and Environmental Screening Report, must be included as an annex to the Project Document. Please refer to the <u>Social and Environmental Screening Procedure</u> and <u>Toolkit</u> for guidance on how to answer the 6 questions.

Project Information

| P | roject Information | |
|----|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. | Project Title | Anti-Corruption for Trust in Lebanon |
| 2. | Project Number | 00122350 |
| 3. | Location (Global/Region/Country) | Lebanon |

Part A. Integrating Overarching Principles to Strengthen Social and Environmental Sustainability

QUESTION 1: How Does the Project Integrate the Overarching Principles in order to Strengthen Social and Environmental Sustainability?

Briefly describe in the space below how the Project mainstreams the human-rights based approach

Human-rights based approach is mainstreamed in the formulating of the project where it is designed to support national accountability mechanisms, which foster respect for human rights by achieving equality in access to information and resources. It is also designed to empower the people to influence and advocate by engaging CSOs and young men and women in the process of monitoring the National anti-corruption strategy and follow up on the progress achieved in implementation.

The project also focuses on sectors that are vital to alleviate inequalities and respond to vulnerable groups needs, such as the social affairs sector, where tackling corruption from the aspect of prevention enhances performance and delivery of services by capitalizing the limited resources available.

Briefly describe in the space below how the Project is likely to improve gender equality and women's empowerment

The project document promotes four cross-cutting themes as part of the activities envisioned under the outputs, one of which is gender equality where equal participation of women in project activities, and integration of a gender lens in the analysis has been conducted in addition to the proposed policies, plans, and legal reforms at the national and local levels as cross-sectoral and sectoral levels.

The project looks at the nexus between gender and corruption at several levels. First, the project focuses on a participatory approach while developing anti-corruption tools, designed to provide space to raise concerns, flag priorities, and promote rule of law, and equality to access to resources and information. This is also highlighted through the active participation of women groups through CSOs. Another level is through the monitoring capacity provided to specific vulnerable groups, including women, to follow up on the implementation of the National Anti-Corruption strategy. A third level is through providing the chance for direct implementation of initiatives that advocate fighting corruption, all while ensuring equal opportunity of participation between men and women.

Furthermore, and in addition to the project gender screening, a report on the vulnerability of women to corruption in several sectors was produced where the findings were used to better design the project. the ACT project explored gender dimensions in corruption and identified entry points on gender mainstreaming in anti-corruption in Lebanon. Based on this first initiative, the project spearheads research on the impact of corruption on gender in three sectors, health, labor and customs to inform related policy discussions and corruption risk management initiatives in Lebanon. These reports were based on discussions with a series of key stakeholders including government agencies, NGOs, experts and international organizations, depicting a 360-degree overview of the hardships and progress women face in the three sectors.

Finally, the intersection between SDG5 and SDG 16 was explored where it directly feeds into achieving the 16th goal "Promoting peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all Levels" and recognizing the mutually reinforcing nature of SDG 5 on gender equality and women's empowerment and SDG 16.

Briefly describe in the space below how the Project mainstreams environmental sustainability

Given the nature of the project, it does not entail any impact on environmental sustainability

Part B. Identifying and Managing Social and Environmental Risks

| QUESTION 2: What are the Potential Social and Environmental Risks? Note: Describe briefly potential social and environmental risks identified in Attachment 1 – Risk Screening Checklist (based on any "Yes" responses). If no risks have been identified in Attachment 1 then note "No Risks Identified" and skip to Question 4 and Select "Low Risk". Questions 5 and 6 not required for Low Risk Projects. | potential so | cial and envir ed to Questions 4 | level of significance of the onmental risks? I and 5 below before proceeding | QUESTION 6: What social and environmental assessment and management measures have been conducted and/or are required to address potential risks (for Risks with Moderate and High Significance)? |
|---|------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Risk Description | Impact and Probability (1-5) | Significance (Low, Moderate, High) | Comments | Description of assessment and management measures as reflected in the Project design. If ESIA or SESA is required note that the assessment should consider all potential impacts and risks. |
| No risks identified | | | | |
| | | | | |
| [add additional rows as needed] | | | | |

| QUESTION 4: What is the overall Project risk category | orizatio | on? |
|---|----------|----------|
| Select one (see SESP for guidance) | | Comments |
| Low Risk | Х | |
| Moderate Risk | | |
| High Risk | | |
| QUESTION 5: Based on the identified risks and risk categorization, what requirements of the SES are relevant? | | |
| Check all that apply | | Comments |
| Principle 1: Human Rights | | |
| Principle 2: Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment | | |
| Biodiversity Conservation and Natural Resource Management | | |
| 2. Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation | | |
| 3. Community Health, Safety and Working Conditions | | |
| 4. Cultural Heritage | | |
| 5. Displacement and Resettlement | | |
| 6. Indigenous Peoples | | |
| 7. Pollution Prevention and Resource Efficiency | | |

Final Sign Off

| Signature | Date | Description |
|-------------------|--------------|--|
| QA Assessor | June 1, 2020 | UNDP staff member responsible for the Project, typically a UNDP Programme Officer. Final signature |
| | | confirms they have "checked" to ensure that the SESP is adequately conducted. |
| Thay land | | |
| Jihan Seoud | | |
| Programme Manager | | |

| QA Approver | June 1, 2020 | UNDP senior manager, typically the UNDP Deputy Country Director (DCD), Country Director (CD), Deputy Resident Representative (DRR), or Resident Representative (RR). The QA Approver cannot also be the |
|--|--------------|---|
| Mohammed Salih | | QA Assessor. Final signature confirms they have "cleared" the SESP prior to submittal to the PAC. |
| | | |
| Deputy Resident Representative | | |
| PAC Chair | June 1, 2020 | UNDP chair of the PAC. In some cases PAC Chair may also be the QA Approver. Final signature confirms that the SESP was considered as part of the project appraisal and considered in recommendations of the |
| A THE STATE OF THE | | PAC. |
| Mohamme Salih | | |
| Deputy Resident Representative | | |

SESP Attachment 1. Social and Environmental Risk Screening Checklist

| Cite | cklist Potential Social and Environmental Risks | Answei |
|-------|--|---------|
| Princ | iples 1: Human Rights | (Yes/No |
| 1. | Could the Project lead to adverse impacts on enjoyment of the human rights (civil, political, economic, social or cultural) of the affected population and particularly of marginalized groups? | No |
| 2. | Is there a likelihood that the Project would have inequitable or discriminatory adverse impacts on affected populations, particularly people living in poverty or marginalized or excluded individuals or groups? 1 | No |
| 3. | Could the Project potentially restrict availability, quality of and access to resources or basic services, in particular to marginalized individuals or groups? | No |
| 4. | Is there a likelihood that the Project would exclude any potentially affected stakeholders, in particular marginalized groups, from fully participating in decisions that may affect them? | No |
| 5. | Are there measures or mechanisms in place to respond to local community grievances? | No |
| 6. | Is there a risk that duty-bearers do not have the capacity to meet their obligations in the Project? | No |
| 7. | Is there a risk that rights-holders do not have the capacity to claim their rights? | No |
| 8. | Have local communities or individuals, given the opportunity, raised human rights concerns regarding the Project during the stakeholder engagement process? | No |
| 9. | Is there a risk that the Project would exacerbate conflicts among and/or the risk of violence to project-affected communities and individuals? | No |
| Princ | iple 2: Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment | |
| 1. | Is there a likelihood that the proposed Project would have adverse impacts on gender equality and/or the situation of women and girls? | No |
| 2. | Would the Project potentially reproduce discriminations against women based on gender, especially regarding participation in design and implementation or access to opportunities and benefits? | No |
| 3. | Have women's groups/leaders raised gender equality concerns regarding the Project during the stakeholder engagement process and has this been included in the overall Project proposal and in the risk assessment? | No |
| 3. | Would the Project potentially limit women's ability to use, develop and protect natural resources, taking into account different roles and positions of women and men in accessing environmental goods and services? | No |
| | For example, activities that could lead to natural resources degradation or depletion in communities who depend on these resources for their livelihoods and well being | |
| | iple 3: Environmental Sustainability: Screening questions regarding environmental risks are encompassed by pecific Standard-related questions below | |
| tne s | pecific Standard-related questions below | |
| Stan | dard 1: Biodiversity Conservation and Sustainable Natural Resource Management | |

¹ Prohibited grounds of discrimination include race, ethnicity, gender, age, language, disability, sexual orientation, religion, political or other opinion, national or social or geographical origin, property, birth or other status including as an indigenous person or as a member of a minority. References to "women and men" or similar is understood to include women and men, boys and girls, and other groups discriminated against based on their gender identities, such as transgender people and transsexuals.

| Nould the Project potentially cause adverse impacts to habitats (e.g. modified, natural, and critical habitats) and/or ecosystems and ecosystem services? For example, through habita loss, conversion or degradation, fragmentation, hydrological changes Are any Project activities proposed within or adjacent to critical habitats and/or environmentally sensitive areas, including legally protected areas (e.g. nature reserve, national park), areas proposed for protection, or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities? No or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities? No or recognized as such by authoritative sources and/or indigenous peoples or local communities? No obsence of the Project involve changes to the use of lands and resources that may have adverse impacts on habitats, ecosystems, and/or livelihoods? (Note: if restrictions and/or limitations of access to lands would apply, refer to Standard 5) No or recognized as with project activities pose risks to endangered species? No or would be project pose a risk of introducing invasive alien species? No or project involve harvesting of natural forests, plantation development, or reforestation? No or project involve the production and/or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species? No or people involve involves its project involve the production and/or harvesting of fish populations or other aquatic species? No or project involve utilization of genetic resources? (e.g. collection and/or harvesting, commercial development, groundwater extraction No or project involve utilization of genetic resources? (e.g. collection and/or harvesting, commercial development No or project generate potential adverse transboundary or global environmental concerns? No or project generate potential adverse transboundary or global environmental or project sold and environmental effects, or would it generate during the project with the project project ge | | | |
|--|-------|---|----|
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| 3.1 Would elements of Project construction, operation, or decommissioning pose potential safety risks to local | 2.3 | climate change now or in the future (also known as maladaptive practices)? For example, changes to land use planning may encourage further development of floodplains, potentially | No |
| I NO | Stand | ard 3: Community Health, Safety and Working Conditions | |
| | 3.1 | | No |

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² In regards to CO₂, 'significant emissions' corresponds generally to more than 25,000 tons per year (from both direct and indirect sources). [The Guidance Note on Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation provides additional information on GHG emissions.]

| 3.2 | Would the Project pose potential risks to community health and safety due to the transport, storage, and use and/or disposal of hazardous or dangerous materials (e.g. explosives, fuel and other chemicals during construction and operation)? | No | |
|---|---|----|--|
| 3.3 | Does the Project involve large-scale infrastructure development (e.g. dams, roads, buildings)? | No | |
| 3.4 | Would failure of structural elements of the Project pose risks to communities? (e.g. collapse of buildings or infrastructure) | No | |
| 3.5 | Would the proposed Project be susceptible to or lead to increased vulnerability to earthquakes, subsidence, landslides, erosion, flooding or extreme climatic conditions? | No | |
| 3.6 | Would the Project result in potential increased health risks (e.g. from water-borne or other vector-borne diseases or communicable infections such as HIV/AIDS)? | No | |
| 3.7 | Does the Project pose potential risks and vulnerabilities related to occupational health and safety due to physical, chemical, biological, and radiological hazards during Project construction, operation, or decommissioning? | No | |
| 3.8 | Does the Project involve support for employment or livelihoods that may fail to comply with national and international labor standards (i.e. principles and standards of ILO fundamental conventions)? | No | |
| 3.9 | Does the Project engage security personnel that may pose a potential risk to health and safety of communities and/or individuals (e.g. due to a lack of adequate training or accountability)? | No | |
| Standard 4: Cultural Heritage 4.1 Will the proposed Project result in interventions that would potentially adversely impact sites, structures, | | | |
| 4.1 | Will the proposed Project result in interventions that would potentially adversely impact sites, structures, or objects with historical, cultural, artistic, traditional or religious values or intangible forms of culture (e.g. knowledge, innovations, practices)? (Note: Projects intended to protect and conserve Cultural Heritage may also have inadvertent adverse impacts) | No | |
| 4.2 | Does the Project propose utilizing tangible and/or intangible forms of cultural heritage for commercial or other purposes? | No | |
| Stand | ard 5: Displacement and Resettlement | | |
| 5.1 | Would the Project potentially involve temporary or permanent and full or partial physical displacement? | No | |
| 5.2 | Would the Project possibly result in economic displacement (e.g. loss of assets or access to resources due to land acquisition or access restrictions – even in the absence of physical relocation)? | No | |
| 5.3 | Is there a risk that the Project would lead to forced evictions? ³ | No | |
| 5.4 | Would the proposed Project possibly affect land tenure arrangements and/or community based property rights/customary rights to land, territories and/or resources? | No | |
| Stand | ard 6: Indigenous Peoples | | |
| 6.1 | Are indigenous peoples present in the Project area (including Project area of influence)? | No | |
| 6.2 | Is it likely that the Project or portions of the Project will be located on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples? | No | |
| 6.3 | Would the proposed Project potentially affect the rights, lands and territories of indigenous peoples (regardless of whether Indigenous Peoples possess the legal titles to such areas)? | No | |
| | | | |

³ Forced evictions include acts and/or omissions involving the coerced or involuntary displacement of individuals, groups, or communities from homes and/or lands and common property resources that were occupied or depended upon, thus eliminating the ability of an individual, group, or community to reside or work in a particular dwelling, residence, or location without the provision of, and access to, appropriate forms of legal or other protections.

| 6.4 | Has there been an absence of culturally appropriate consultations carried out with the objective of achieving FPIC on matters that may affect the rights and interests, lands, resources, territories and traditional livelihoods of the indigenous peoples concerned? | No |
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| 6.4 | Does the proposed Project involve the utilization and/or commercial development of natural resources on lands and territories claimed by indigenous peoples? | No |
| 6.5 | Is there a potential for forced eviction or the whole or partial physical or economic displacement of indigenous peoples, including through access restrictions to lands, territories, and resources? | No |
| 6.6 | Would the Project adversely affect the development priorities of indigenous peoples as defined by them? | No |
| 6.7 | Would the Project potentially affect the traditional livelihoods, physical and cultural survival of indigenous peoples? | No |
| 6.8 | Would the Project potentially affect the Cultural Heritage of indigenous peoples, including through the commercialization or use of their traditional knowledge and practices? | No |
| Stand | lard 7: Pollution Prevention and Resource Efficiency | |
| 7.1 | Would the Project potentially result in the release of pollutants to the environment due to routine or non-routine circumstances with the potential for adverse local, regional, and/or transboundary impacts? | No |
| 7.2 | Would the proposed Project potentially result in the generation of waste (both hazardous and non-hazardous)? | No |
| 7.3 | Will the proposed Project potentially involve the manufacture, trade, release, and/or use of hazardous chemicals and/or materials? Does the Project propose use of chemicals or materials subject to international bans or phase-outs? | No |
| | For example, DDT, PCBs and other chemicals listed in international conventions such as the Stockholm Conventions on Persistent Organic Pollutants or the Montreal Protocol | |
| 7.4 | Will the proposed Project involve the application of pesticides that may have a negative effect on the environment or human health? | No |
| 7.5 | | |